

The following address to the French Republic was adopted at the monster meeting in Lublin, on the 20th March:

*"To the Citizens of the French Republic."*

"As slaves should address freemen—as a and which has yet its independence to assert, and its social freedom to attain, should address sovereign State and a republic, we address you, citizens! Had we a national government—a recognized centre willing and competent to act and speak for us—it would have sung since boldly declared the admiration of your heroism, the sympathy with your cause, the delight in your victory, which we feel, that are from our condition incapable of uttering. Foreign dominion and distraction among our people, shake the best and noblest feelings of our hearts, and turn into empty wind the voice of millions. Receive from us, citizens, the congratulations we can offer, and be

not be uttered—behind them the longings and passions of suffering and enslaved men. "You who have only but yesterday broken through even a mild despotism, and yet who are compelled to hide in your hearts for thirteen years the hate of that despotism which you have so nobly vindicated— you, citizens, you can understand us. We recognize in the French republic the work of working men. We see in its every act justice to the rights of labor; and its victories, its triumphs, its success, and enduring justice, we recognize as the work of the people. As we sympathize, we can only offer you our individual sympathy and friendship; and we ask in return that you will look upon the sufferings of our eldest and most persecuted sister of our common Celtic race with commiseration and sorrow. We ask you not to blush for our name and our slavery, but to retain for us reciprocal friendship and sympathy till our

**Lieuts. Pender and Singletary.**—The Raleigh Register has published a letter from the camp of the North Carolina Volunteers, with creditable reflections on Lieuts. Pender and Singletary, insinuating that their return to camp had renewed the disorders in the Regiment.

These gallant young officers seem the objects of special persecutions. They were first honorably dismissed and driven from the camp, without a hearing or trial, and as far as the world knows, without any offense. Instead of rebuking this outrage upon individual rights and upon the reputation of the State, the Register lent its efforts to establish their disgrace; and never said ought against a tyrannical and unlawful act of dismissing and disgracing a man without a trial. Such his love of law, such his respect for the

The young officers appealed to the president, who, it seems, was gracious enough to grant them a trial before their accusers. And pray, is it any favor to afford a man a trial and hearing in this free country of laws? Is it any honor to imprison and disgrace by a civil or military despotism, and disregard by a civil or military despotism, and even a charge guilty? Are we not only to submit in silence to such outrage, but to glorify the executioner? Such has been the course of the Raleigh Register; and he has even rebuked the President for granting a trial in the case. But that is not all. Now that the trial is gone on, he seeks to prejudice the public mind against these young officers, by publishing insinuations against them.

the evidence produced before it, but we ought it improper to comment on it during pendency. A fair trial was all that was asked for Lieuts. Pender and Singletary. It is accorded to them as a matter of right, and the public will trust them justice, which more than they will get from the Raleigh register.—*Tarboro' Press.*

Late Texas papers state that the State Legislature adjourned on the 20th ult., after a session of ninety-nine days. The bill appropriating the representation of the State was the last act of the Legislature. It will fix the number of Senators at twenty-two, and of Representatives at forty-seven.

Ex-Governor Runnels and Col. Caldwell, well as Gen'l Henderson, have declined the

**SILENCE THAT DEADLY COUGH!**  
THE lungs are the danger zone, the work of the destroyer has been long, the cough of consumption is a sign of death.  
What to do? **WATERBURY'S**! Your darling child, your

to be followed by a dangerous cold—her throat and chest were inflamed. Again, she told the doctor, "I have never gained any weight and I feel as if I am just a puppet in my own body." The doctor, when just about to enter his diagnosis which was, "nothing bright over the faint prospects of the future," gave her a cough and feeling pill of his own make, but, you need not be despondent. There is a remedy which will heal the lungs and the throat. It is called DR. J. C. HEALING BALM.

Mr. A. J. Smith, of Wm. B. Altier, Esq., of Washington, D. C., writes: "I have been afflicted with a cold and a throat and lung inflammation, Dr. Lee and Mr. Allen of New York. My friends all thought I was dying. One and every appearance of betterment disappeared and was pronounced by the physicians as Dr. Allen's skin was given, and

Mr. Alexander of built Perry, was also cured by application by this Balsam when all other remedies failed to give relief—his pain was reduced to nothing. Dr. A. C. Case, of Chicago, has written: "I have known this Balsam cure in several cases where no other remedy afforded relief—but Balsam operating like a charm. Dr. C. also witnessed its wonderful effects in curing Asthma, which it never fails of doing, opening Bile, clearing it away, so it is, to effectively cured by this Balsam. It heals the ruptured or wounded lungs, and makes the lungs strong again."

Rev. Dr. J. J. Beals, of New York, writes: "I was cured of a long and distressing, affection of 50 years standing. The first dose gave him more relief than all the other medicine he had ever taken—J. J. Beals, 19 Duane-street gave it to a German-lad who was labouring under Consumption."

In both cases the effects were immediate, and restoring them to their true health.

Mrs. Lucretia Wells, 15 Cleveland, suffered from Asthma 42 years. Sherman's Balm relieved her at once, and she is comparatively well enabled to avoid every attack by a timely use of this medicine. This indeed is the great remedy for Coughs, Colds, Spitting Blood, Liver Complaints, and all the affections of the throat, and in Asthma and Consumption.

Price 25 cents and \$1 per bottle.

Dr. Sherman's Cough and Asthma Lozenges, 25 Cents a Box, for sale everywhere.

Dr. Sherman's Office at 100 Nassau-st. N. Y.

The above medicine is for sale by LIPPITT & MILLIKENS, Druggists, Wilmington, N. C.

1891



# WILMINGTON JOURNAL.

Friday, April 21, 1848.

Democratic Republican Nomination.

FOR GOVERNOR.

DAVID S. REID,

OF ROCKINGHAM COUNTY.

DEMOCRATS OF WILMINGTON.

The Democratic voters of the Wilmington

District are requested to meet at the Court-

House this (Friday) evening, at 7 o'clock,

P. M., for the purpose of appointing Delegates

to represent them in the County Convention,

which is to assemble in this place on Tuesday

next. A full meeting is requested.

MANY DEMOCRATS.

See fourth page for a communication

"To the Real Estate Owners." Notice of Foreign

Periodicals; The Raton; Mexican

News; Mr. Clay's Letter, &c.; and first page

for interesting Foreign Extracts; Lieut. Sing-

letary and Pender, &c.

DEMOCRATIC STATE CONVENTION.—In an-

other portion of this week's paper, will be

found the official proceedings of this body.—

We need scarcely bespeak for them the con-

sideration of all our Democratic readers.

It was our pleasure to be present during

the session of the Convention, and we can

say, without the fear of contradiction by any

candidate of either party, that it was one of

the most respectable, harmonious and en-

thusiastic political assemblies which has ever

been convened in the old North State. True,

owing to the fact, that the Convention was

called at a season, (12th April,) the busiest

perhaps in the year, with the farmers of the

State, it was not altogether so large in num-

bers as it otherwise would have been. It was,

however, well attended, and, that, too, by the

very best spirits of our glorious Democracy.

It will be observed that its labors occu-

pled two days. Every thing was done in a

spirit of harmony and good feeling, at the same

time that the action of the Convention is the

product of the amplest deliberation and con-

sultation. But one spirit animated every man

who was present. An earnest, burning and

enthusiastic desire to do every thing in his

power to promote the good cause. Proud in-

deed, were we of our party and of our glorious

cause, when we looked around the Com-

mons Hall, and observed that the old men

and the young men of the State were there as

a band of brothers joined—brought there by

no motive save that of a common and earnest

desire to promote the good old Republican

cause. Proud, indeed, were we when we

cast our eyes to the President's Chair, and

found that it was filled by a man whose age,

experience and acknowledged ability does

honor alike to his native State and to the re-

publican party of that State, of which he has

long been one of its most distinguished mem-

bers. Proud, too, were we, in observing that

on either hand he was supported by men

whose names are associated with all that is

great and glorious in the history of the Re-

publican party of North Carolina.

With our heart do we wish that every man

in North Carolina could have been present

during the session of that Convention; par-

ticularly do we wish that the addresses deliv-

ered by Senators Houston and Douglas, could

have been heard by every man within the

borders of our good old Commonwealth. Had

our own visit to Raleigh been otherwise ob-

jectless, we say in the full sincerity of our

heart, that the opportunity of listening to those

addresses, would more than recompense us

for all the time and trouble expended. It

would, indeed be more than folly for us to at-

tempt anything like even an outline of what

fell from the lips of these distinguished men.

Each of them spoke for about an hour and

a half, and we verily believe that, had they

continued to speak for twenty-four hours a

piece, the Convention would have listened to

them all that time, without the slightest in-

dication of weariness or fatigue. Such is the

power of truth when flowing from the lips of

eloquence. Never in the whole course of our

brief life have we listened to a political speech

which so rarely combined facts, arguments

and burning eloquence, as did the speech of

Judge Douglas. We trust that the gentle-

man will write out their speeches for publi-

cation. The gallant Houston, the "Hero of

San Jacinto," too, made one of the happiest

efforts we have ever listened to. It abounded

in the happiest strokes of wit and humor in-

imaginable. The distinguished speaker would

thrill the heart of every auditor with a bold

and impassioned burst of eloquence, of which

his own Texas—his sufferings and his wrongs

would be the theme—anon he would, by one

of his inimitable strokes of humor make the

Commons Hall resound with peals of merry

laughter. But it would be impossible to give

even a faint idea of the effect produced by "old

San Jacinto."

It would be useless to enter into a detailed

review of the action of the Convention. Every

one we presume, as a matter of course, will

read the proceedings. We would, however,

call particular attention to the resolutions ad-

opted by the Convention. They are bold,

manly, and to the point. Our friends will

perceive that they do not mince matters. They

speak out in the plainest and most flat-footed

manner. In them a clear, distinct, and tangi-

ble issue is presented to our opponents. Be-

lie the duty of every good Democrat in the State

to compel our opponents to accept the issues

presented. Our limits will not permit us to

say all that we desire to say about the Con-

vention this week. Before we close this ar-

ticle, however, let us make an appeal to our

brother Democrats.

Friends! we have every thing to cheer us.

The Convention has presented to us the name

of one of our most distinguished men as our

candidate for Governor. We have a good, a

OUR CANDIDATE.—We place at the head of our columns, with pride and pleasure, the name of DAVID S. REID, of Rockingham, as our candidate for the office of Governor of North Carolina. Mr. Reid is exactly the man for the times. In the very prime of life, about 38 or 40 years of age—his democracy of the most sterling and tried stamp—talented and energetic, and a self-made man, we say again, he is the very man for the times. He has served the State in her own legislative halls and in the halls of Congress, with distinguished ability, and with unwavering integrity. He represented the Rockingham District in the House of Representatives during the 28th and 29th Congresses, and whilst in the discharge of the duties of this high position, he was distinguished for his ability and his untiring devotion to the business of his constituents. "Davy" Reid is the very man to beat "Charley" Manly.

We present his name to our Democratic friends, and ask them if they will not, with heart and hand, labor for his election. The good people of North Carolina are, at least a large majority of them, Democrats at heart, and only require to be enlightened to be so in name. Will, then, our brethren throughout the State put their shoulder to the wheel between this and the first Thursday in August, and labor like men for the success of their principles? As we have said elsewhere, we have a gallant leader, a good cause, and bright skies, and surely it will be our own fault if we do not succeed. Let us then, brethren, rally around the standard of our principles, and battle like men for "the faith that is in us." Would it not be a glorious thing to redeem the old North State from the thralldom of Federal misrule? Is there a Democrat who does not earnestly pray for such a glorious consummation? Why then will we not, with one voice and one will, as well in season as out of season, labor like patriots and men for the success of our glorious principles? Never has there been any period within our recollection when success was so surely within our grasp, if we will only do our duty, as just at this moment. The Whig party has brought before the people of North Carolina about the weakest candidate they could have selected. Their conduct during the last Legislature was of such a character as not only to exasperate the Democracy of the State, but to dignify a large number of the r own party. Their treatment of the gallant spirits who compose the North Carolina Regiment, itself is enough to damn any party in the eyes of the intelligent voters of the State. In a word, brother Democrats, everything is for us. Let us then pledge ourselves to each other that we will work like men who have the honor and the interest of the good old North State at heart, and we cannot fail to attain a glorious triumph!

THE RALEIGH REGISTER.—The Raleigh Register of Saturday last, has quite a long article devoted to the Democratic Convention. It is not the first time that Federal newspapers have exhibited a disposition to sneer at the Democracy of the country, and the Register may find—nay, we venture the prediction will find—that the time will be whistled out of an entirely different side of the mouth, ere the lapse of the next six months. Really, however, we were surprised that even the Register could find nothing to praise in the speech of Judge Douglas. Did the Editor of the Register hear the whole of that speech? We think that at certain points in it, not perhaps the most pleasant to the ears of the Register, he was necessarily called away on business, or—for some other reason. The real truth, we presume, was, the speech struck home. It struck the Register himself pretty hard, and it poured it rather hot and heavy into the Honorable and distinguished Mr. Badger. Now this the Register could not stand. Can the Register attempt to refute any of the arguments advanced by Mr. Douglas? or can he deny any of the facts set forth in that speech? We trow not. Now friend Register, we would give you a piece of advice: when you did determine to pitch into the doings of our Convention, why didn't you throw over your article even a seeming air of candor and fair play? Why did you cut the time so fat? Surely if you had any sort of sagacity, you must know that an article so unfair and ungenerous upon its face, could not do any harm; for the simple reason that your readers of both parties could not fail to perceive that you wrote in the bitterness of your heart—not for the purpose of giving them a fair account of the proceedings of the Convention.

CHEERING.—The following letter, which we publish verbatim et literatim as we received it, we assure the writer, was read by one of his inimitable strokes of humor make the Commons Hall resound with peals of merry laughter. But it would be impossible to give even a faint idea of the effect produced by "old San Jacinto."

It would be useless to enter into a detailed review of the action of the Convention. Every one we presume, as a matter of course, will read the proceedings. We would, however, call particular attention to the resolutions adopted by the Convention. They are bold, manly, and to the point. Our friends will perceive that they do not mince matters. They speak out in the plainest and most flat-footed manner. In them a clear, distinct, and tangible issue is presented to our opponents. Believe the duty of every good Democrat in the State to compel our opponents to accept the issues presented. Our limits will not permit us to say all that we desire to say about the Convention this week. Before we close this article, however, let us make an appeal to our brother Democrats.

Friends! we have every thing to cheer us. The Convention has presented to us the name of one of our most distinguished men as our candidate for Governor. We have a good, a glorious cause. Our opponents, as many of them freely admit, have nominated as their candidate one of the weakest men in their party—a candidate that we can and must beat, if we will only do our duty to our glorious cause. We appeal to you, then, and ask you if you will not make a long and a strong pull for victory. Success is now within your grasp. Will you, we ask you, stretch out your hands and seize it?

CHATTANOOGA & NASHVILLE RAIL ROAD.—We need it stated that the City Council of Savannah has subscribed \$250,000 to this Rail Road, and that now the whole of the capital stock has been taken up.

Mr. CLAY'S LETTER.—Of all the documents which has been presented to the eye of the American people within our recollection, Mr. Clay's manifesto to "The Public," is decidedly the most singularly rich and racy which has come under our observation. During the last quarter of a century, the vaulting ambition of this man has prompted him to the commission of many "fantastic tricks before high heaven," but in the insatiable pursuit of the Presidency; but this, his last, far outshines any of his former achievements. It may be that Mr. Clay had supposed that the American people were hitherto impressed with the belief that he was too modest and diffident, and it may be that he has taken this method of disabusing their minds. We say that Mr. Clay may have entertained this notion; certainly no one else ever did. And has it come to this! Mr. Clay, his head now silvered over with the snows of upwards of three score years and ten—Mr. Clay, the great living embodiment of all that is great and chivalrous in the great and glorious Whig party—Mr. Clay, that but three brief years ago had bid a final adieu to the stormy and contaminating arena of political warfare—Mr. Clay, whose reputation could not be increased even by the attainment of the Presidency, whose name and fame are commensurate with the limits of the civilized world, if his admirers are to be credited in all they say—can it be really possible that this same Mr. Clay is out under his own hand and seal, a solicitor for the support of the American people for the office of the Presidency? Gentle reader, it is even so. Mr. Clay, no doubt, thought the various devices resorted to by the old hero of Buena Vista, from his Ingegnell roll down, were done up so bunglingly, that he would just try his hand, in order to shew the world at large how the same sort of thing could be done by the Sage of Ashland. We do not know that we were ever so much astonished at any political move as were we when our eyes first fell upon this same letter. Indeed, we could not but pronounce it a hoax; a very poorly done up one at that; nor would we have believed in its genuineness, had it not been received by the whole world as authentic.

Mr. Clay's Lexington speech and resolutions, as we predicted, were not put forth without a purpose. They were the first move, so far as this distinguished player is concerned, upon the Presidential chess-board. The next was his visit to Washington, winding up with his tour through the Northern cities—These were but the preliminary moves; just getting his men in fighting position. All being now in readiness for the final move, calmly and quietly, in the shades of Ashland, he survey the whole field, as well that portion of it occupied by the forces of Genl Taylor as that by his own. The move is made, and old Zach is checkmated. The game is up! The Philadelphia Convention must nominate Henry Clay. Its refusing to do so, will work a dissolution of the Whig party. Where now are the Taylor men? Curious, indeed, are we to see what course the Taylor papers of North Carolina will pursue in this trying emergency. Desert the standard of old Zachary, cry *crucifixus*, and again take their places beneath the gallant flag of Harry of the West. We opine so. But does the reader observe with what cool complacency Mr. Clay regards the question of his popularity. Why it's really refreshing, and doubtless will be received as gospel by the faithful.

Poor General Taylor! After having been made the cat's paw of a few designing politicians—after having suffered the humiliation of lending himself to the miserable scheme of fraud and duplicity which these politicians have attempted to play off upon the people of the country, he now finds himself about to be abandoned by these very men; for we don't suppose that there is any man who now dreams of his being nominated by the Philadelphia Convention.

There is one portion of this singular document which, when taken in connection with the anti-slavery resolutions of the Lexington platform, cannot but be marked with particular attention by the people of the Southern States. The reader will observe that Mr. Clay quite frequently refers to the "free States" and the "slave States"—says that he is the only man living in a "slave State" who can possibly carry the "free State" of Ohio. Now, why does Mr. Clay think that he alone of all the statesmen who reside in the slave States can carry Ohio? Why, we ask, does he thus think? Is not this conclusion based upon the "Lexington platform," where Mr. Clay takes ground as a Whig against acquiring more territory for the purpose of extending the institution of slavery? We presume this is the reason. The people of the South will be very apt so to conclude, at any rate.

But Mr. Clay thinks, upon the score of a variability, he is the strongest man the Whigs can bring out. Indeed! Even with the once chivalrous, high-minded Henry Clay, availability wields a magic potency! How fallen from his high estate is this great man! Never did we, we must confess, expect to see Mr. Clay in the humiliating position which this letter places him.

We await with considerable curiosity the response of the Whig press of North Carolina to this manifesto of their hitherto great leader.

NEW POST OFFICE.—We learn that a new Post Office has been established at Carver's Creek, in Bladen county, by the name of "West Brook's Post Office," and that the office at White Hall, formerly known by that name (West Brook's), is now called "Clear Creek Post Office." Mr. Washington Jones was appointed Post Master of the West Brook's Post Office.

THALIAN ASSOCIATION.—It is with pleasure we learn that our talented young townsman, the Thalian Association intend, on the evening of Tuesday next, to treat the playing folks of Wilmington with a spirited bill, the first for some time. We are informed that on that evening the drama of "The Point of Honor, or a School for Soldiers," a thrilling piece, translated from the French, will be presented; after which the evening's entertainment will conclude with the laughable burlesque of the "Invisible Prince, or the Island of Tranquil Delights." We are truly glad that the performance comes off during the session of our Court, when so many of our country friends will be in town. We advise them, if they want to spend a pleasant evening, to give our young townsman the light of their countenances.

GEN. TWIGGS.—This gallant veteran passed through Wilmington on Wednesday morning last, on his way to Washington.

THE COMMISSIONERS of the town of Wilmington have elected WILLIAM L. SMITH, MICHAEL CROLY, and TALCOTT BURR, Auctioneers for the town of Wilmington, for the current year.

THE WEATHER.—Just now (Thursday morning) we have about the coolest weather we have ever experienced on the 20th of April.—Why we can't get along without a fire.

OUR friend of the Chronicle don't like Mr. Clay's address to the public—thinks he and others of his party, will have tough times if Mr. Clay is to be their candidate. No doubt of that, friend. Still, you will have to do the whole hog—the Lexington platform and all. Mark that!

Although much pressed for space, still we cannot forbear treating our readers to the perusal of the following rich specimen of politico-epistolary correspondence from the hand of Genl Taylor. The letter was addressed to a member of the Kentucky Democratic Convention. Will the reader observe that the old gentleman is perfectly willing to be the candidate of either party,—of no party at all,—or, in a word, of any body who will vote for him. Will the reader, too, just observe the very elegant and terse style of the letter, so very much like the eloquently written despatches of the campaign on the Rio Grande. But the letter needs no comments.—It is a literary treasure, and no doubt will be preserved by our readers as such:

BATON ROUGE, La., Feb. 6, 1848. DEAR SIR: Your letter of the 12th ultimo, in relation to the next Chief Magistrate of the country, has just reached me. In reply to what I have to state, so far as I am concerned, I have not changed the position I first occupied, as regards my being a candidate for that high office. At the same time, such has been the indications of the people, irrespective of party, as evinced by large meetings in many of the States in favor of my being a candidate for the office in question, as to justify me, without departing from the course I have marked out to pursue, to accept a nomination from a national convention, should such be held, for the Presidency, from the whigs or democrats, or from both, should they think proper to tender it, without being pledged, or even considering myself so, to advocate the views or opinions of either. And I again repeat, I have no aspirations for civil office, and am only a candidate so far as the good people of the country have made me so; and those who are not willing to vote for me without pledges for the presidency, let them cast their votes at the proper time for those who will make them. And should one of whom he preferred to myself, and honored with that high station, it will be neither a matter of disappointment or mortification to me.

With consideration of high respect and esteem, your obedient servant, Z. TAYLOR.

CONGRESS.—From the press of other matter upon our columns it will be impossible for us, this week, to give our usual synopsis of the proceedings of Congress during the past week. This we do not regret so much, in that there was really no matter of general interest before either the Senate or the House of Representatives. The only matter of much stirring interest in the contested election case from the 6th Congressional district of New York, which is now before the House of Representatives. What disposition will be made of the matter, we cannot say, as at last accounts the debate was still pending. We shall in our next give our usual synopsis of the proceedings.

THE Fayetteville Observer of Wednesday last, drops Genl Taylor like a hot potato.—Good! Just as we expected. The poor old General has served his turn. Mr. Clay, the great Dictator of the party, has spoken, and all the pop-guns knock under! All right. Harry of the West is just the man to shew them that whilst he chooses, Gen. Taylor nor any other man can be the candidate of that party.

YUCATAN.—The accounts which we almost daily receive from the State of Yucatan, are of the most melancholy and heart-rending character. Her people weak and defenceless, are being massacred by the Indians. The following from the New Orleans Crescent, tells a terrible tale:—

We learn from Capt. Stoddard, of the *sch'r* Montano, from Laguna, last evening, which place she left on the 26th ult., that the Indians had massacred and driven the inhabitants from Sial to the sea shore. The U. S. steamer *Iron* was to leave Laguna on the 26th ult., for Sial, to receive on board the inhabitants, and take them to Laguna. It was also stated that there were 50,000 to 60,000 Indians in the neighborhood of Merida.

THE NORTH CAROLINA REGIMENT.—We learn that a letter has been received from a member of the Wilmington Company, in which the writer states that Col. Paine has resigned, and that Major Stokes has been elected by the Regiment to the office of Colonel. The writer further states that Captain Price, of this place, (formerly Captain of the Wilmington Company) has been elected Major of the Regiment. In addition to this, we clip the following from the Fayetteville North Carolinian of Saturday last:—

N. C. Regiment.—We have seen a letter from a member of Capt. Kirkpatrick's company, who says that all the company are in fine health and spirits, and are gladdened with the prospect of taking up summer quarters at Carver's, a delightful place at the foot of the mountains, between Saitillo and Camargo.

He says that the Court of Inquiry have adjourned, and that Col. Paine has been Court-martialed, the Court to sit at Matamoros. It is also rumored that the Colonel has resigned, or intends to resign.

Major Stokes, who is in command of the Regiment—[Where is Lt. Col. Fagg?—] and says that every man loves and respects him. He is not a tyrant, nor does he neglect his duty. They all hope he will be the Colonel, should Col. Paine resign.

A GOOD IDEA.—In the State of New York they allow the members of the Legislature a *per diem* during the first one hundred days of the session; but if they sit longer they get no pay. The Legislature adjourned *sine die* on the last day of the hundred this year.

WM. EATON, Jr., of Warrenton, has been selected to deliver the annual address before the two Literary Societies, at the next commencement of the University of North Carolina. Mr. Eaton is said to be a gentleman of cultivated talents and fine natural abilities.

THE good folks of Augusta have been feasting the gallant veteran General Twigg. They gave him a splendid and sumptuous public dinner, at which upwards of 150 of the most distinguished men of the city were present.

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## DEMOCRATIC STATE CONVENTION.

The Delegates present from the different counties of the State, met in Convention in the Commons Hall, in the City of Raleigh, on the 12th day of April, 1848, at 12 o'clock, M.

On motion of Jas. B. Shepard, Esq., of Wake, the following gentlemen were unanimously selected as Officers of the Convention:

PRESIDENT.

Hon. Weldon N. Edwards, of Warren co.

VICE PRESIDENTS.

William Ellison, of Beaufort.

L. H. Marshall, of New-Hanover.

James M. Bullock, of Granville.

Thomas W. Graves, of Caswell.

SECRETARIES.

William B. Gulick, of Craven.

David Fulton, of New-Hanover.

Thomas B. Bailey, of Orange.

The Convention was then addressed by the President, who alluded in a happy manner to the circumstances under which it had assembled, in a few words, distinctly stated the objects of the meeting.

On motion, the Counties were called over in order, when the following were found to be represented:

Ash—Duncan K. McRae, Wm H. Bayne, and William W. Holden.

Beaufort—William Ellison.

Caswell—Thomas W. Graves, Richard Jones and Dr. John L. Williamson.

Craven—Duncan K. McRae.

Curran—James E. Morris, Thomas G. Richardson, Ulysses H. Ritch, and Wm B. Gulick.

Cumberland—Jesse G. Shepherd, William L. Starr, David R. Bell, George W. Pegram, J. McAllister, and William H. Bayne.

Edgecombe—Jesse H. Harrell, David Cobb, Jas. R. Thigpen, John H. Daniel, Genl Wyatt Moore, and Col Henry T. Clark.

Franklin—James R. Jeffrey, John H. Hawkins, J. Harman H. Haigh, P. H. Hawkins, and D. W. C. Stone.

Granville—James M. Bullock, Robert Vass, Jonathan Jenkins, T. B. Venable, John S. Eaton, Lewis D. Burwell, Jonathan M. Stone, and William R. White.



# For the Journal.

## Democratic Meeting in Canoeck District.

Pursuant to notice, a meeting of the citizens of Canoeck District took place at the place of public meeting, on the 15th inst., on motion of James J. Pringle, G. W. Marshall was called to the Chair, and P. DeMotte and M. A. Moore, were appointed Secretaries. The following preamble and resolutions were submitted on the part of James J. Pringle, which were adopted unanimously by the meeting:

Believing in common with our Democratic brethren throughout our beloved country, that it is alone through our principles that our country can prosper, and the promotion and maintenance of the most perfect and just government, we feel determined to show to the world that we are both ready and willing, strenuously to exert ourselves to maintain that cause, upon which rests the successful efficiency of our beloved country.

Resolved, That we most cheerfully acquiesce in the call that has been made upon the citizens of Canoeck District, to send Delegates to a County Convention, proposed to be held in Wilmington, on Tuesday, April 22nd, 1848.

Resolved, That this meeting acknowledge with pleasure, the able representation of the citizens of Canoeck District, through their well known Representatives, Messrs. ASHE, WILLIAMS, and HALL, and regret to have learned that Mr. HALL has declined a re-election.

Resolved, That we approve of the course pursued by our Representatives in the last Convention, and as Mr. HALL has declined a re-election, which circumstance we sincerely regret, we the citizens of Canoeck, do most respectfully recommend to the favorable consideration of the County Convention, Messrs. ASHE and WILLIAMS for re-nomination, as every worthy of the confidence of the sterling Democracy of New Hanover County, as their Representatives in the County Convention of the good old North State.

Resolved, That we, the citizens of Canoeck District, do appoint Messrs. M. A. Moore, and L. P. DeMotte, to represent said District in Convention of the Democracy, to be held in Wilmington, on Tuesday, of Superior Court.

Resolved, That the Democracy of Canoeck District require of their Delegates to said Convention, to vote for a sterling Democrat, well qualified to fill the place in the Commons of our most esteemed fellow-citizen, E. D. HALL.

Resolved, That this meeting most cheerfully approves of the course of policy pursued by James K. Polk, our distinguished President, firmly believing that no President that has preceded him—WASHINGTON and JACKSON excepted—has stronger claims upon the confidence and gratitude of the American people.

Resolved, That the citizens of Canoeck are determined to adhere to their party organization, and will support no man or set of men who does not strictly adhere to such organization as are generally concurred in, so indispensably necessary for their preservation as a party, which party has so long proven itself adequate to every trying emergency that has arisen in the history of our country, and to whom we solemnly believe its future glorious destiny is committed.

Resolved, That we believe that the war which we have been engaged with Mexico is as righteous as any war that any nation ever waged, and we believe that our Executive is as right in having it prosecuted until we shall have obtained indemnity for the past and security for the future. And we feel that only when we owe to our country to remember the conduct of Mexican Whites, believing them to be worse than 76 Tories, and of the President of 1812, paralyzed the national arm, and almost the just claim of the country, we should the present Tories may share the same fate.

Resolved, That Messrs. M. A. Moore and L. P. DeMotte are appointed Delegates to represent Canoeck District in the District Convention, to be held in Wilmington, during our Superior Court.

Resolved, That the proceedings of the meeting be signed by the Chairman and Secretaries, and published in the Wilmington Journal.

On motion of James J. Pringle, the meeting adjourned. G. W. MARSHALL, Chm. P. DeMotte, Secy. M. A. MOORE, Secy.

For the Journal.

Public notice being given, a meeting of the citizens of Lower Black River District took place on the 8th instant. On motion, P. DeMotte was called to the Chair, and P. DeMotte and M. A. Moore, were appointed Secretaries. The following preamble and resolutions, which were submitted on the part of P. DeMotte, were adopted unanimously by the meeting:

Whereas, we, a portion of the democracy of Lower Black River District, in public meeting assembled, feeling sincerely, what as Democrats we have ever professed, that the doctrine embodied in the Republican creed of the followers of Jefferson and Adams, and the principles of the Constitution, are the only basis of a free and just government, and of vital importance to maintain the sovereignty of the States to correct the tendency of consolidation of unauthorised and unconstitutional powers which the federal party, by giving to our glorious constitution a loose, vague and indefinite construction, would most seriously impair, and having a direct tendency not only to weaken and impair the bonds of union in our glorious system of government, but to endanger the very existence of the Republic, we the undersigned, do hereby declare that we are determined to maintain the principles of the Republican constitution, as of our beloved country, therefore:

Resolved, That the present administration is entitled to the gratitude of the whole American people for the faithful and efficient manner in which it has discharged the varied, arduous and complicated duties which were imposed upon it by the progressive policy of the country, and the enlightened views of political economy entertained by our Republican Statesmen, and which alone are adapted to the consummation of that glorious destiny which the purest patriots of the land, in the latter days of the Republic, had so much at heart.

Resolved, That in our opinion, the false claims of the falsely styled Whig party, and the policy of the present administration, are not only a disgrace to the Republic, but a disgrace to the Republic in name, and that, by this acting, we furnished no just cause of complaint to our sister Republic—Mexico—nor may we from this date, be justly reproached for it, as it was a Republic in name, and should we have neglected to receive a portion of our territory which was most wrongfully taken away, in the opinion of some of our best patriots, we would have been wanting

# WILMINGTON MARKET.

## WHOLESALE PRICES.

BACON—Per pound. 7 1/2  
Hams, 7 1/2  
Shoulders, 7 1/2  
Chests, 7 1/2  
Butter, 20 boxes Gooden Butter, just received. For sale by HOWARD & PEDEN.

BUTTER AND CHEESE—25 Kegs Gooden Butter; 20 boxes Gooden Cheese; received for sale by G. W. DAVIS, and on sale by J. D. WOOD.

CORNFLOUR—175 bags prime St. Domingo Coffee, just landed from said country, from Jerome, for sale by HOWARD & PEDEN.

COW PEAS—100 bushels; for sale by HOWARD & PEDEN.

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